

JOBS AND ECONOMIC IMPACT OF CARBON CAPTURE DEPLOYMENT Michigan

TOTAL JOBS POTENTIAL

Project Jobs	Operations Jobs	Infrastructure Jobs
2,965	1,990	330

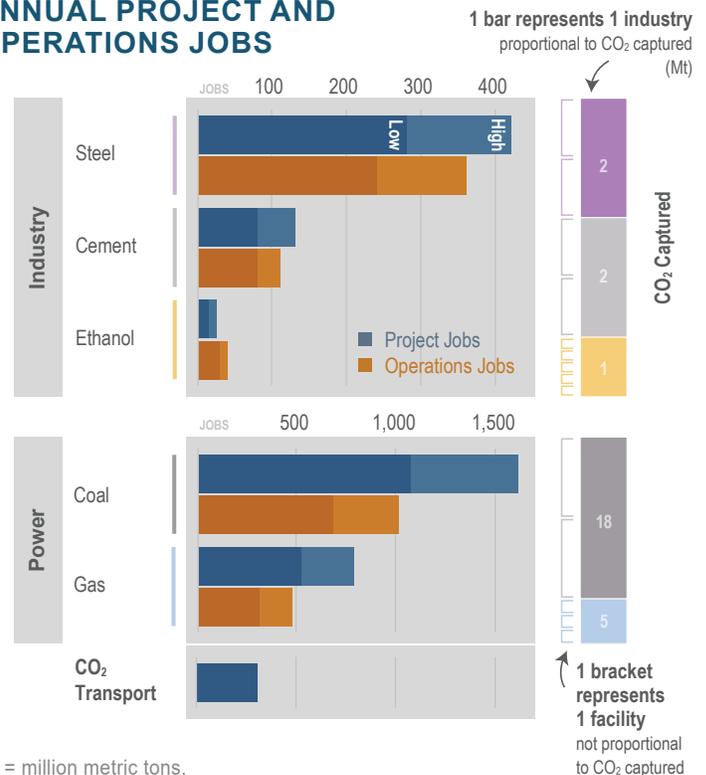
Michigan has the opportunity to create an annual average of up to **3,295 project jobs** over a 15-year period and **1,990 ongoing operations jobs** through the deployment of carbon capture at 14 industrial and power facilities. The retrofit of equipment at these facilities would capture **28 million metric tons** of carbon dioxide (CO₂) per year. Along with the development of CO₂ transport infrastructure, this would generate up to **\$10.7 billion** in private investment.

CREATING JOBS & CAPTURING CARBON

Carbon capture is essential to meeting mid-century emissions reduction goals while retaining and growing a domestic base of high-wage energy, industrial, and manufacturing jobs. Carbon capture retrofits require facilities to be outfitted with capture technologies such as amine scrubbers to remove CO₂ from exhaust gas and compressors to make the CO₂ transport-ready, that are dependent upon the type of industrial plant and vary across industries and facilities. There are jobs associated with the equipment, materials (e.g., cement and steel), engineering, and labor required to install the capture technology, as well as ongoing jobs to operate and maintain the retrofits. These are referred to as **project jobs** and **operations jobs**.

Rhodium Group performed an economic analysis based on the Regional Carbon Capture Deployment Initiative's near- and medium-term capture potential scenario.¹ The Rhodium analysis quantifies the economic impact and employment opportunities of carbon capture retrofit projects by deploying state-specific data in the IMPLAN economic model. The analytical results measure the impact of project investment and operation costs through expected annual jobs. Average annual project jobs were calculated assuming deployment of all projects within the 15-year period from 2021-2035. The jobs reported are in-state jobs, directly associated with carbon capture retrofits. They do not include other jobs at the facilities, nor indirect and induced jobs.

ANNUAL PROJECT AND OPERATIONS JOBS



Mt = million metric tons.

This figure depicts the low and high range of estimated annual average project jobs, transport infrastructure jobs, and ongoing operations jobs that could be created through carbon capture retrofits at industrial and power facilities in Michigan. The potential amount of CO₂ captured and the number of potential near- or medium-term capture facilities in each industry are shown on the right.

RESULTS

Cement, steel, and ethanol facilities hold valuable potential for emissions reductions and job creation with carbon capture retrofit in Michigan, with the combined potential to create an annual average of 575 project jobs and 510 ongoing operations jobs while capturing five million metric tons of CO₂ per year. Michigan also has two coal power facilities and three gas power plants with the combined ability to create an annual average of up to 2,390 project jobs and 1,480 ongoing operations jobs while capturing 23 million metric tons of CO₂ with carbon capture retrofit. The development of transport infrastructure would create an annual average of 330 project jobs.

CARBON CAPTURE JOBS AND ECONOMIC IMPACT SUMMARY

Industry	Number of Facilities	Total Capture Target Metric Tons	Private Investment Million Dollars	Annual Average Project Jobs 2021-2035	Annual Operations Jobs
Cement	2	2,000,000	\$280 - \$410	80 - 130	80 - 110
Coal Power	2	18,000,000	\$3,700 - \$5,600	1,070 - 1,610	680 - 1,010
Ethanol	5	1,000,000	\$60 - \$90	15 - 25	30 - 40
Gas Power	3	5,000,000	\$1,700 - \$2,600	520 - 780	310 - 470
Steel	2	2,000,000	\$930 - \$1,400	280 - 420	240 - 360
CO ₂ Transport Infrastructure	-	-	\$610	330	-

¹ Rhodium Group analytical results: rhg.com/research/

For more information, visit carboncaptureready.org